

Universal File System Extended Attributes Namespace

François Revol
HAIKU® Project
revol@free.fr



File Meta-data

- Attributes (POSIX or alike)
 - Name (yes, that's meta-data!)
 - Type (dir, file...)
 - Owner (uid, gid...), Permissions (rwxrwxrwx)
 - Timestamps (atime, ctime, mtime, crtime...)
- Extended Attributes
 - EA = xattrs
 - Resource forks
 - Named streams



Extended Attributes

- Generic storage method for meta-data
- Name-value pairs attached to files
- **Not** part of the file itself!
 - Does not require knowledge of the file format
 - But could be extracted from file content (**ID3**, **EXIF**)
- Semantics are OS or application defined
- Low-level (file-system) (predates XML & DC...)
- Operating system / file-system specific



Windows – NTFS

- Named streams
 - Alternative streams for files
 - Accessed by path: “foo.txt:somestream”
- Also supports Extended Attributes
 - Name, value pairs
 - Inherited from OS/2
- Usage patterns
 - Not much (and WinFS disappeared)



Linux – ext3/4

- Names (UTF-8?), value (binary / string) pairs
- Atomic access
- Namespace: restricted to “user.*” for applications
- Ext3/4:
 - Namespace prefix stored as 8bit integer
 - `EXT4_XATTR_INDEX_USER=1 /* “user.*” */`, ...
`EXT4_XATTR_INDEX_SECURITY=6 /* “security.*” */`
 - 1 block max storage per inode
- XFS, reiserfs: no practical storage limitation
- GNU `libattr` userland API



Linux – ext3/4

- Usage patterns
 - Beagle and other metadata indexing tools
 - Didn't take off yet
 - [FreeDesktop.org-specified](#)
 - “user.mime_type”
 - “user.xdg.origin.url”
 - “user.dublincore.title” & other DC properties...
 - Apache [mod_mime_xattr](#) sends type & charset
 - [Nepomuk?](#)
 - Slowly growing



Solaris

- Name, value pairs
- Stored as regular files in a tree
 - `man fsattr(5)`
- Accessible as file descriptors
 - `openat(fd, name, O_XATTR)`
 - `attropen(filename, name, oflag)`
- Custom support in `tar/cpio` or `star`



Mac OS X – HFS+

- Historical HFS: Resource fork (binary blob)
- HFS+ supports xattrs
 - Name, value (bin or string) pairs
- Namespace
 - Reverse DNS naming by convention
- Usage patterns
 - “com.apple.ResourceFork” maps HFS metadata
 - “com.apple.metadata:kMDItemWhereFroms” (urls)
 - “com.apple.quarantine” (Safari downloads) ...



BeOS & Haiku – BFS

- Name (UTF-8), type (uint32), value (bin) triplets
 - Type field adds semantics (int32, float, string...)
 - MIME database describes them more
 - Names can be indexed by the filesystem
- [fs_attr.h](#) syscalls
- High-level API (C++)
 - [BNode::ReadAttr\(\)](#), [BNode::WriteAttr\(\)](#) ...
- Live Queries
 - Notify applications of new matching files



BeOS & Haiku – BFS

- Usage patterns (Pervasive)
 - “BEOS:TYPE” (MIME type)
 - “BEOS:APP_SIG” (Application signature)
 - “BEOS:ICON” (HVIF binary icon)
 - “META:url” (Internet shortcut address)
 - “META:{name,email,phone, ...}” (Contact infos)
 - “MAIL:{from, to, subject, ...}”
 - “Music:{Artist, Album, Track, ...}”
 - ...



Problems using xattrs

- Often not considered in file transfers
- No support on some filesystems (FAT...)
 - Backing store schemes are also incompatible
- When a mapping exists it is
 - Unilaterally defined
 - Inconsistent
 - Not resilient to composition
- File preservation is thus incomplete
 - Backup, Archival, Digital preservation ...

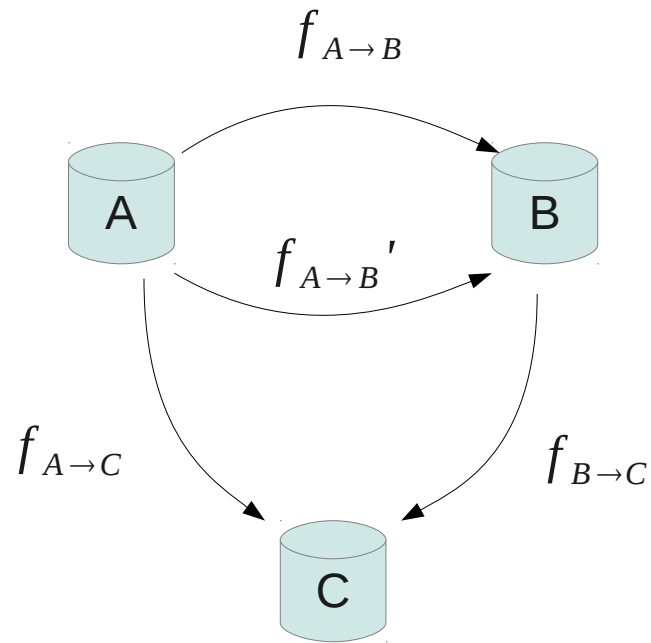


No standardized mapping

- Foreign to native mapping is vendor-specific
- Propositions only consider their OS or fs
- Sometimes several mapping exist
 - [NFTS-3g](#) and [Samba](#) do not agree
- Mapping composition is not idempotent



Mapping functions



$$f_{A \rightarrow B} \neq f_{A \rightarrow B'}$$

$$f_{A \rightarrow B} \circ f_{B \rightarrow C} \neq f_{A \rightarrow C}$$



Sample case

- In Haiku

- People file on BFS
- Copied to NTFS



```
"BEOS:TYPE"      'MIMS' "application/x-person"  
"META:email"    'CSTR' "revol@free.fr"  
"IM:status"     'CSTR' "Offline"  
"_trk/pinfo_le" 'RAWT' 00 BA E3 EC A7 09...
```



```
"haiku.BEOS_TYPE_MIMS" "application/x-person"  
"haiku.META_email_CSTR" "revol@free.fr"  
"haiku.IM_status_CSTR" "Offline"  
"haiku._trk_pinfo_le_RAWT" 00 BA E3 EC A7 09...
```

- In Windows

- Copied to a Samba share

- On Linux

- Samba copies to ext3



```
"user.DosStreams"  
05 00 00 00 00 00 00... '.....'  
00...-42 45 4f 53 5f... '.....BEOS_TYP'  
45 00 53 4d 49 4d 61... 'E.SMIMapplicatio'...
```

- In Haiku

- Copied from ext3 → **Unusable**



```
"linux.user.DosStreams"  
05 00 00 00 00 00 00... '.....'  
00...-42 45 4f 53 5f... '.....BEOS_TYP'  
45 00 53 4d 49 4d 61... 'E.SMIMapplicatio'...
```

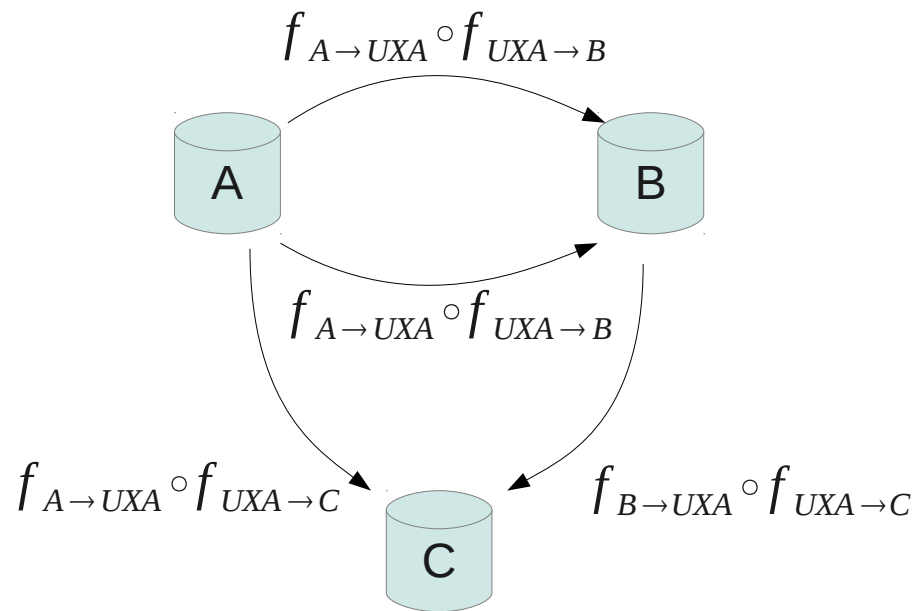


Proposition: UXA

- Unified xattr namespace
- Each vendor defines its UXA mapping
- OS translates to UXA from foreign fs
- OS presents the UXA namespace in their own
- Separate Transport & Presentation layers
 - Transport layer only cares about preservation
 - Higher-level software could perform more complex remapping and add semantics



Mapping functions



$$\forall A, B, C:$$
$$f = f_{A \rightarrow B} \circ f_{B \rightarrow C}$$
$$f = f_{A \rightarrow UXA} \circ f_{UXA \rightarrow B} \circ f_{B \rightarrow UXA} \circ f_{UXA \rightarrow C}$$
$$f = f_{A \rightarrow UXA} \circ f_{UXA \rightarrow C}$$
$$f_{A \rightarrow B} \circ f_{B \rightarrow C} = f_{A \rightarrow C}$$

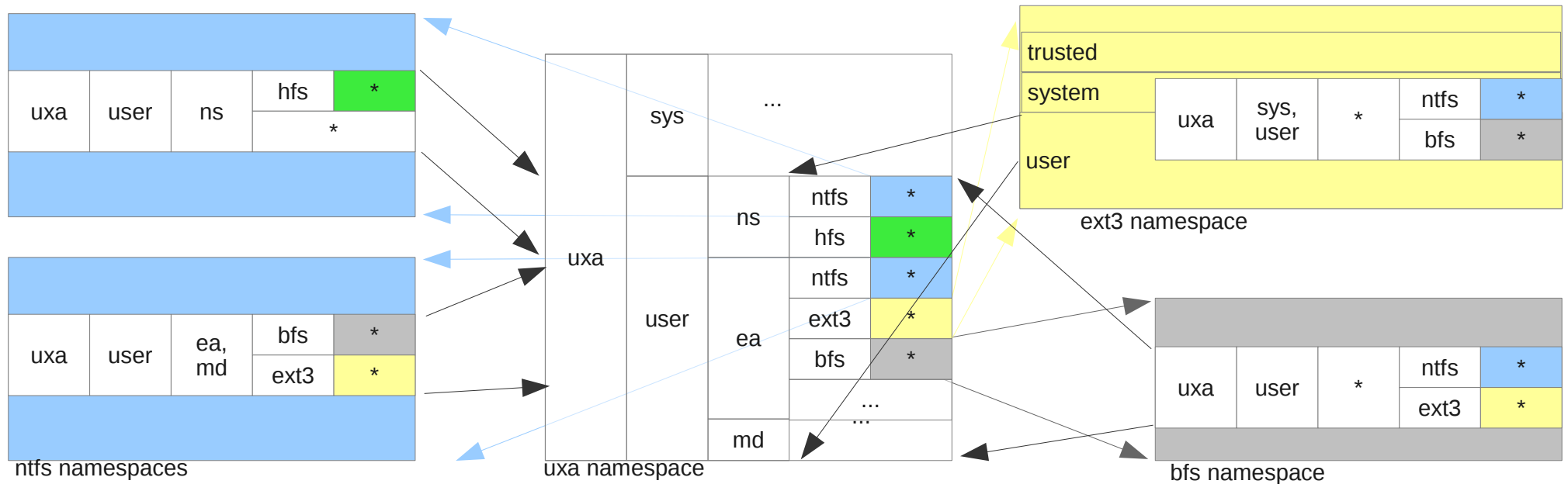


UXA namespace

- Root level: “uxa” defines the root placeholder
- Access level: “user” editable vs. ”sys”tem
- Subtype level
 - “ea”: Extended Attribute
 - “ns”: Named Stream
 - “md”: (other) MetaData
- Vendor level
 - Defines the vendor namespace the EA belongs to



UXA namespace



Higher-level possibilities

- Modified libattr
 - Translates known attributes to native ones
 - uxa.user.ea.bfs.BEOS:TYPE → user.mime_type
- Samba filtering module
- Synchronization applications
- Migration assistants
- DC mapping
- RDF/XML/...-defined mappings



Shortcomings

- Limited storage space
 - Best effort
 - Backup servers should account for it
- No backing store
 - Best effort
 - Could be used as a canonical format in agreed-upon backing store file (or existing ones)
- ACLs to handle with care (might break security)
- Synchronization issues on converted data



So what now?

- Write an UXA RFC
- Forward proposal to interested parties
- Write mapping RFCs and register at [IANA](#)
- Fix existing software
 - Samba, NTFS-3g ...
 - rsync, tar, cpio, zip, GNU coreutils ...
 - Though most userland tools use libattr, so just fix libattr



Questions?

*Extended attributes
Can't talk to each others
Covered by snow*

